## PROBLEM OF THE WEEK Solution of Problem No. 9 (Fall 2013 Series)

## **Problem:**

Let E be the points of the x-y plane which lie inside an elipse centered at the origin, and let D be those points inside the unit circle centered at the origin. Prove that the area of  $D \cap E$  is at least as large as the area of D intersected with any translation of E. (This is, show  $|D \cap E| \ge |D \cap \{(x, y) + (a, b): (x, y) \in E\}|$  for every a, b.)

## Solution: (by the Panel)

Equivalently fix E, centered at (0,0), and let the center of D vary. If  $\ell$  is any vertical line then  $|D \cap E \cap \ell| \leq \min(|D \cap \ell|, |E \cap \ell|)$ , with equality when the center of D lies on the *x*-axis. By Cavalieri's principle,  $|D \cap E|$  is increased by moving the center of D to its projection on the *x*-axis. Slicing with horizontal lines and applying the same argument again moves the center to the origin.

The problem was also solved by: Steven Landy (IUPUI Physics Faculty) and Craig Schroeder (UCLA Postdoc.)